

The Newport Mercury

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, AUGUST 9, 1845.

Established
A. D. 1758

The Newport Mercury
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY
J. H. BARBER.
No. 133, Thames Street.
Terms—Two Dollars per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, except where an account is open, must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.
Single papers six cents, to be had at the Office.

PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTING

—SUCH AS—
LADDER, WAY BILLS, STEAMBOAT BILLS, HANDBILLS,
STAMP BILLS, BILLS OF LADING, FANFOLDERS,
BLANKS, BANK CHECKS, CIRCULARS, TICKETS,
BUSINESS CARDS, CATALOGUES, BILL HEADS,
NOTES, BILLS OF FARE, NOTIFICATIONS,
LARGE SHOW BILLS, for Concerts,
Public Meetings, Exhibitions, Lectures, &c.
Promptly executed, at prices as low as those of any other establishment.

NATHAN M. CHAFFEE, Brass and Copper Smith,

Thames st.—three doors North of the Custom House.

Would inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line of business with care and promptness, and on as favorable terms as they can be executed anywhere.

Copper & Iron Lifting & Force PUMPS,

and the best quality of TINNED LEAD PIPE, of various sizes, constantly on hand, and fitted to order. Also pipes to convey water to any part of a house; and the workmanship warranted.

Brass and Composition CASTINGS.

of all kinds, furnished at short notice.
COMPOSITION REFINED and NAILS constantly on hand. All kinds of Lead work done.
Repairing promptly executed.
A share of patronage is respectfully solicited.
Newport, May 10.—6m.

Stacy's Cottage at the Beach,

Is now open for the accommodation of visitors; where will be found Refreshments in great variety, and at as reasonable prices as in town.
June 14.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Banister's wharf and Thames-street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies, Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macarons, Vermicelli, Nuts, bottled and Draft Ale; bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.
T. S. STANHOPE.
Newport, May 18th.—tf.

FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE,
a fresh supply, at
July 10.] R. J. TAYLORS.

NOTICE.

FIRST quality of white lead, linseed oil, spirits of turpentine, glass of all kinds and sizes, copal, japan and bright varnishes, red lead, black do., glue, sponge, brushes of all kinds, borax, gold leaf, rotten stone, bath brick, verdigrise, chalk, imperial green, ivory black, and every other article usually found in a Paint store, sold at the lowest cash prices, and on the most reasonable terms by

IRISH & STEVENS.
N. B. Particular attention paid to Pa-
pering.
[March 8.]

NOTICE.

THE undersigned respectfully in-
forms his customers and the public
that he has sold out his establishment,
and given up his Painting business to
Messrs. IRISH & STEVENS, who will
continue the same at the old stand, 116,
Thames street, and he cheerfully recom-
mends them to the patronage of his friends
and customers. All those indebted to
the subscriber, are requested to call and
settle the same immediately at the old
stand.
WILLIAM STEVENS.
March 8, 1845.

Wrapping Paper,
In great variety, for sale by
WM. C. COZZENS, & Co.

Fruit! Fruit!!

JUST received and for sale at the Confe-
tionary Store of

T. STACY, JR.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Cocoa Nuts; Bunch
raisins of superior quality, Prunes in fancy
style; Almonds, Madeira Nuts, Filberts, Bra-
zil nuts, Pecan and Peanuts.
And receiving daily by steamboats through
the season.

Peaches and Pears; Apples and Mellons and
every variety of fruits, all of which is sold at
the very lowest rate and delivered to families
in any part of the town free of extra charge.
Aug. 2.

TOYS and fancy Goods, in great variety,
for sale cheap, by
T. STACY, Jr.
Aug. 2.

Executrix's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice
that she has been duly appointed
Executrix to the last will and testa-
ment of

CHARLES COLLINS,

late of Middletown, dec., and having ac-
cepted said trust and qualified herself
agreeably to law, she has appointed
Augustus Bush of Newport, her lawful
Attorney to make settlement of said
estate, and she requests all persons hav-
ing any demands to present them for
settlement; and all persons indebted to
make payment to him.

LYDIA COLLINS, Executrix.
Middletown, July 26, 1845.

R. I. Bridge Company.

At the annual meeting of the Stock-
holders of the Rhode Island Bridge
Company, held July 28th, 1845, the fol-
lowing gentlemen were elected directors
for the year ensuing, viz:—
Stephen T. Northam, Nathaniel S. Rug-
gles, Robert B. Cranston, William Little-
field, William A. Clarke, Peleg Clarke,
and Isaac Burdick.

And at a subsequent meeting of the di-
rectors, Nathaniel S. Ruggles was re-
elected President.
W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treasurer.
Newport, August 2.

Deferred Articles.

A NICE LADY.—A woman calling her-
self Mrs. or Miss Rogers, from 20 to 35
years of age, has been detected in Bal-
timore in a strange affair. She boarded at
a fashionable hotel, dressed up sumptu-
ously and walked out daily between
meals.

She was followed, and it was discover-
ed that she used to go to a mean house
in a little alley, which she rented for the
purpose, strip off her finery, put on rags,
and go out soliciting contributions for a
dying mother, &c., always returning in
time to dress herself again in superb attire
and be at the hotel at regular hours.

The population of Boston, according
to the new census, is about 120,000. In
1840, 93,383. Increase, 26,617, or ab-
out 28 per cent.

A Parent's Right to a Child.—A case
was decided last week in the Supreme
Court at Northampton, Mass., involving
a parent's right to his child. It seemed
that a man named Wells, losing his wife,
had given one of his children to Mr. and
Mrs. Nash, of Amherst, to bring up as
their own. A change of circumstances in
his family created a desire on the part
of Wells again to get possession of his
child, and a writ of habeas corpus was
sued out for that purpose. After a long
array of evidence, and looking, as he said
to the good of the child, Judge Dewey
decided that it should continue under the
protection of its adopted rather than its
natural parent.

HINTS ON THE CHOICE OF A SHOE.

The secret of a well fitting shoe, or rather
of a good looking shoe, and it is upon this
principle that all French shoemakers
proceed, but all English cobblers do not,
is that it should be much longer than
the foot itself, at least an inch or an
inch and a half longer. And for those
two reasons: first, that, since a equal,
broad, dumpy foot is much uglier than a
long thin one, therefore you may always
diminish the appearance of breadth, by
adding to the reality of length; and next,
that when the shoe is long, the toes have
plenty of room, and commonly 'tis here
that "the shoe pinches." No one has
corns on his heels or the sides of his feet,
let his shoes or boots be as narrow as he
can well bear them; it is upon those poor
pent up, imprisoned, distorted joints of
the toes, that the rubs of the world come,
and that the corn process goes on.—
If you would cure yourself reader, of the
most obdurate corn, or if you would
guarantee your children from ever having
any, let them, and do you yourself, wear
French chassures; or else have the boots
&c., made fitting well to the foot at the
side, and with exactly one inch, at the
least, to spare in length, when standing
in them. We'll bet you a hundred to one
on the result, and you may ask any
cordonnier in the Rue de Richelieu.

Blackwood.

LIFE.

BY MIRIAM KESLEY.

Oh! what is life! with the joys and smiles
That brighten its opening hours!
With youth's gay dreams and enchanting wiles
As fresh as the morning flowers;
Full soon the glow of the trusting heart
Shall yield to the wasting light,
And Hope, like the rainbow's hues, depart
Away from our dazzled sight.

Oh, what is life! when strength and might
Of manhood have tolled their way
Up the mount of fame to its starry height,
Where the beams of honor play—
The stately bark from the billow's crest
Is hurled to the gulf beneath;
And the falling star with a dark unrest
Yields up its romantic wreath.

Ah! what is life! when years are passed,
And our heads are white and hoar,
But a sunbeam trembling in the blast
On a dark and desolate shore—
Or a flower whose leaflets all are strown
From their native stem away,
Without one tint to recall the dawn,
Or lighten its wintry day.

From the Native Eagle. TREASURE.

"In there not an idea of gold and silver con-
veyed to most minds by the word Treasure."

The Father's Treasure is his daughter kind
Who runs to welcome him with open arms;
Her form most lovely—but her brilliant mind
Doth make you overlook her outward charms;
Aye, in his heart he cherishes her smiles,
And listens to her voice with true delight;
Her presence all his loneliness beguiles;
She is a darling Treasure in his sight.

Don't ask for Treasure?—see the mother there
O'er her loved infant bend a smiling face;
Go ask her what will with her own compare,
And offer finer gold to fill his place!—
Think ye wealth of richest minds could buy
This treasured jewel, or give greater joy?
Or gilded fame, or luxury supply
The vacancy she'd feel without her boy?

The Maiden's Treasure is some cherished gift
Of him who in her bosom lies concealed;
Be it the smallest trifle—it can lift
Her soul to purest joy, though unrevealed;
She prizes it above all earthly things,
If she can hope that Love has o'er it smiled;
She fondly looks to Heaven, then sweetly sings,
And deems that she is Heaven's favored child.

And what is Treasure to the Lover's heart?
While wandering o'er the world in search of
Fame!

No honors gild with the finest art
Could no gold so bright to him, as the loved name
Of one for whom his fate would all resign—
Fame, Honor, Wealth, and all the world doth prize;
Yet seeks them eagerly, that she may shine,
And he appear more worthy in her eyes.

The Christian's Treasure, too, is not in gold,
Nor can the richest diamonds in his eye
Have any value, when he doth unfold
"The Blessed Book," his Treasure soon high;
His hopes are far beyond the joys of earth,
He loves the promises by "Jesus" given,
And joyfully resigns all here of worth—
His treasure, heart, and home, are all in
Heaven.
Philadelphia, July 31, 1845. M.

The Explosion in New York.

The cause of the onlanitous Explosion
in New York which gave its irresis-
tible destructiveness to the fire of the
20th ult., still continues to be eagerly
sought for. We find the annexed letter
on the subject in the Boston Advertiser
of the 28th ult. Mr. Henry Williams,
of Boston, having understood that Mr.
Hayes had been instituting some experi-
ments requested to know the result.—
Mr. Hayes thus replies:—
Roxbury Laboratory, 26th July, 1845.

HENRY WILLIAMS, Esq.:

Dear Sir—Your note of yesterday, in
relation to the explosive action of saltpetre,
has this moment come to hand. I
most cheerfully comply with your request
in placing before you the facts connected
with the subject of the action of saltpetre,
on substances usually called combust-
ible. Saltpetre or the nitrate of potash,
or soda, ALONE does not burn, or explode
by heat, however intense. It parts with
one of its constituents, oxygen, by heat,
and it is to the combination of its oxy-
gen, with other bodies, that it owes its
power of burning with them. Wood and
fibrous substances do not burn with salt-
petre, until they have become partially
charred; then they produce deflagration,
or burn with sparks.

A large quantity of saltpetre, enclosed
in gunny bags as it is usually stored,
after fire was communicated to it, would
burn with the bags, emitting much smoke
and sparks, precisely as paper, which has
imbibed saltpetre, would. It would not
be consumed; only the small quantity re-
quired to burn with the bags, would be
changed. If an addition of burning wood
or charcoal were made, to the extent of
one fifth the weight of the saltpetre, an
intense and continued deflagration would
result, and all the saltpetre would be
changed. No explosion would follow,
from applying fire to mixtures of charcoal
or wood and saltpetre; the rapid combus-
tion called deflagration would be pro-
duced, but unlike explosion, time would be
required for the mutual actions, and where
the quantities were large, many hours

would be necessary, before they would
cease. The recent destruction of life
and property in New York; the loss of
a homeward bound Indian and her
cargo, by a similar cause, have created
an anxiety which has led to many in-
quiries, respecting the origin of the ex-
plosion, attending the burning of salt-
petre. I need not remind you of a case
which occurred at Central wharf, about
ten years since, when the Hartford Packet
was destroyed. The testimony obtained
in the last instance, led me to make some
experiments, on the effects produced by
dropping water on a burning mixture of
saltpetre and charcoal. It was ascertain-
ed that a very small weight of water, re-
latively to the saltpetre, caused explo-
sions; which might be made successive,
so long as the materials remained. The
quantities of the substances acting, being
increased to between one and two hun-
dred pounds, the addition of water, in the
form of spray, caused an explosion which
destroyed the vessel and shook all the
buildings in the vicinity. The tempera-
ture of a burning mixture of saltpetre and
charcoal, at the point of contact, is su-
perior to that of "white hot" iron, and the
form is that of a bubbling fluid. Water
falling on the mass, is instantly converted
into steam, having the elastic force of
that used in steam guns; exceeding gun-
powder in destructive energy. The red
hot particles, dispersed by the sudden
action, pass over considerable spaces, and
the appearance of flame is produced.

In cases where water falls on highly
heated polished surfaces, such as melted
glass, copper or silver, steam is formed
rapidly, but silently; the water does not
touch the hot surface. The spreading
of a film, or crust, over the polished
surface, instantly alters its relation to wa-
ter, and causes steam to form with ex-
plosive violence, attended by a loud re-
port. I do not hesitate in expressing my
belief, that the disastrous effects pro-
duced in New York, were caused by
water, or other fluid falling on saltpetre,
while burning with the bags investing it.
The facts which I have stated, may have
interest of importance, in connection
with attempts made to extinguish fire in
buildings, containing saltpetre. The
danger of throwing water on the fire is
manifest, while the loss to the owner of
the saltpetre, would doubtless be greater
from water than from fire.

Respectfully,
A. A. HAYES.

A Question.—In Philadelphia, on Mon-
day, James Gaffney was charged with
bigamy, and was confronted with two
women, who had been united to him in
holy wedlock, and who severally had
claims upon him, as being "one and in-
divisible." The case excited the feelings
of the persons present for the unfortunate
man, against whom it came out in the
testimony that he had a third wife in
Ireland, from the belief that he was not in
his right mind. The difficulty was to
determine whether the marrying of three
women caused his supposed insanity, or
whether his marrying them was an evi-
dence of his original madness or mania.
He was, however, sent to prison to take
his trial.

Food for Digestion.—Without due at-
tention be paid to diet, healthy diges-
tion is hardly to be expected. If more or
less food be used than is necessary, or
that which is imperfectly digested, if
the hours appointed for meals be irregu-
lar, or unnatural, or the food be inferior
in quality, the chyle is deteriorated, and
the blood becomes unfit to support the
different organs in the just performance
of their natural functions, which gives
rise to increased, diminished, or prevented
actions, terminating in disease. A gen-
erous and well regulated system of diet
is of high importance in such a constitu-
tion; it supplies the body with that amount
of nourishment which protects it from
debility and depression, so frequently
observed in those threatened with
consumption.—(Hastings on Consump-
tions.)

GENEROUS.—The Charleston Courier

of Monday says—

"We noticed some time since the no-
ble and daring act of a sailor named
James Booth, in plunging after a lady
who had fallen overboard, from the pack-
et ship New York, in our harbor, and
sustaining her until they were both res-
cued by a boat. On his reaching shore a
puroe of twelve dollars was made up
among the bystanders and presented to
him as a tribute to his gallantry and hu-
manity, and, thereupon, the generous
fellow immediately distributed the a-
mount amongst some negroes attached to
a canoe who had relieved both him and
the lady from their perilous situation,
before the ship's boat, despatched to
their aid had reached them—saying, 'but
for these poor fellows, both of us may
have gone to the bottom.' At the re-
quest of several gentlemen, we add that
another puroe is about to be made up to
present the gallant tar with a medal, in
double testimonial of his intrepidity and
generosity."

Select Tales

From the New York Mirror.

How a Tailor Collected a Debt.

A True Story.

NEAR the close of the last century, a
Quaker knight of the shires and thimble,
who exercised his avocation in Philadel-
phia, was imposed upon by an adroit
scoundrel, who contrived to get a suit
of clothes on credit and afterwards
sloped without paying for them. The
Quaker was too poor to lose the debt,
but like too many others of his class,
he had apparently no other alternative.—
The account was placed on his books
and soon forgotten. Some years after-
wards he was examining his old records
of debt and credit, profit and loss, when
his attention was attracted to this account
and all the circumstances attending it
came fresh to mind. Suddenly an odd
thought suggested itself.

"I'll try an experiment," said he to
himself; "perhaps I may succeed in
catching the rogue and getting my pay."

He immediately prepared an advertise-
ment, in substance as follows, which he
inserted in the Philadelphia Gazette:—
"I, C—, who was in Phila-
delphia about the month of —, in
the year 1795, will send his address to
the editor of this paper, he will hear of
something to advantage. Printers in the
neighboring states are requested to copy."

The latter clause was inserted from a
vague suspicion that the rogue had taken
up his abode in New York.
Having instructed the editor not to
disclose his name to the rogue if he
should call, but to request the latter to
leave his address, the Quaker patiently
awaiting the result of his experiment.—
In a short time he was furnished by a
note from the Printer that the individual
alluded to in the advertisement, having
arrived from New York, might be found
at a given place in the city.

The tailor lost no time in preparing a
transcript of his account, not forgetting
to charge interest from the time that the
debt was incurred. Taking a comfortable
with him, he bore a legal process suited
to the occasion, he soon arrived at the
lodgings of the swindler. The comfortable
was instructed to stand off at a little dis-
tance till a signal should indicate the
time for him to approach.

The Quaker now rang the bell, and,
when the servant appeared, requested
him to inform the gentleman of whom he
was in search, that a friend wished to
speak with him at the door.

The man obeyed the summons, and
soon both debtor and creditor were look-
ing each other in the face.

"How dost thou do?" kindly inquired
the Quaker. "Perhaps thou dost not
know me."

"I believe I have not had the pleasure
of your acquaintance," politely answered
our hero.

"Dost thou remember purchasing a suit
of clothes several years ago of a poor
tailor and forgetting to pay for them?"
asked the Quaker.

"O no," said the gentleman, blushing
slightly; "you must be mistaken in the
person. It cannot be me that you wish-
ed to find."

"Ah! John! I know thee very well.
Thou art the very man I wished to see.—
Thou hast on at this moment the very
waistcoat that I made for thee. Thou
must acknowledge it was of good stuff
and well made, or it could not have last-
ed thee so long."

"O yes," said the gentleman, appear-
ing suddenly to recollect himself; "I do
remember now the circumstances to
which you allude. Yes, yes—I had in-
tended to call and settle that little bill
before leaving Philadelphia, and you may
depend on my doing so. I have come
here to take possession of a large amount
of property which has been left me by
will. See! here is the advertisement
which apprises me of my good fortune."

Here he handed to the Quaker a New
York paper containing a copy of the ad-
vertisement whose history we have given
above. The Quaker looked at it with
imperturbable gravity and continued—

"Yes I see thou art in luck, but as my
demand is a small one, I think I must
insist on payment before thou comes in
possession of thy large estates."

The proper signal here brought the
constable into the presence of the parties.
The swindler was particularly astonished
at the appearance of this functionary,
who immediately began to execute his
part of the drama.

"What exclaimed the rogue in an an-
gry tone; "you surely have not sued
me?"

"Yes I have," replied the Quaker;
"and thou shouldst be thankful that noth-
ing worse happened to thee."

"Come in then," said the debtor, find-
ing himself fairly caught; "come in and
I will pay you if I must."

The three went into the house togeth-
er, and the slippery gentleman having

ascertained the amount of the bill, paid
it in full.

The tailor having signed the receipt,
placed it in the hands of his late creditor,
with feelings such as may be readily im-
agined. The swindler took it and for the
first time glanced at the various items of
which it was composed. He said noth-
ing till he came to the last charge, which
was "for advertising," when he broke
forth—

"Hailon! what's this? "For Adver-
tising"? That's an odd charge in a tail-
or's bill. You're cheating me!"
"O no," coolly replied the Quaker;
"that is all right. I have charged thee
the cost of publishing the advertisement
which thou just showed me."

Here the swindler uttered a horrid
oath, as he demanded, "Do you mean to
say that you caused the publication of
that advertisement?"

"Truly I did," replied the Quaker
with most provoking coolness.

"You told a ——— lie in it," quickly
retorted the rogue.

"Convince me of that," said the Qua-
ker, and thou wilt find me ready to con-
fess the fault."

"You said I should hear something to
my advantage, if I would come here."

"Thou art mistaken," immediately
replied the Quaker; "I only prom-
ised that thou shouldst hear of something
to advantage," and is it not to the advan-
tage of a poor tailor to collect an old
debt?"

"If I can catch you in the street," said
the swindler with an oath and in the
deepest rage, "I'll give you such a com-
bining as will not leave thee breath in your
body."

"Nonsense, now said the Quaker; and
thou really intendest to do anything of that
sort, we had better step out into the back
yard and finish the business at once."

The rogue was completely non-placed
by the coolness of the Quaker, and stood
speechless and almost petrified.

"Now," said the tailor good-naturedly,
"let me give thee a piece of advice.—
When next thou hast occasion to get a
suit of clothes, thou hadst better not re-
sist to select the poor tailor, but pay
him honestly, for then thou wilt conscience
not distress thee and thy sleep will be
sweet and refreshing. Farewell!"

There is no doubt of the literal truth
of this story, as we received it some time
since from the lips of the Quaker him-
self.

Dreadful accident on the Worcester

Railroad.—A terrible accident occurred
on Saturday afternoon to the Weymouth
stage, driven by Mr. Raymond, between
the Worcester depot and Harvard street.
Mr R. expected some passengers by the
coming in train, and had taken a stand
east of the track, and a little north of the
foot of Harvard street. One of the freight
men called out to him that he had better
stand farther from the track, and Ray-
mond replied that he knew his horses
very well, and knew that they would not
start. In a few minutes after, the down
train came in sight, the locomotive was
disengaged and shot ahead, and gave out
a belch of steam as it passed the stage.
Startled at this saluro, the horses suddenly
wheeled on to the track, and barely got
over it when the train came up, the for-
ward baggage car, striking the front of
the stage and disengaging the fore wheels.
The driver, Raymond, had presence of
mind to seize the reins and jump before
the shock; but Mr. Lewis Holmes, of
Weymouth, who was sitting by his side,
was thrown directly on to the rail, and no
less than six wheels passed over him,
and he was taken up a shapeless corpse.
Another man, who was sitting inside,
had a leg broken, and his head and
shoulder badly hurt. He was carried to
the Massachusetts Hospital. A lady who
was inside received some slight bruises,
but was not disabled from pursuing her
journey to Weymouth in another stage.—
The body of Mr. Holmes was also taken
home. He had occupied a place of
trust in the Weymouth mill factory, and
has left a wife and two or three children.
Boston Post.

Elopement and Marriage.—There was
a run away match perpetrated in Bal-
timore last Friday night. The father of
the lady proposed the match so bitterly
that he took occasion to cowhide the
young gentleman through the public
street a few evenings since, whilst walk-
ing in company with his lady love, com-
pelling her to go home with him, and
leave her lover in the street. They how-
ever, jointly determined on revenge, and
as "love laughs at locksmiths," they
contrived to elude the vigilance of the
old gentleman, and paid the minister a
visit.

It is said that Louis Philippe, in filling
the vast galleries at Versailles with paint-
ings and sculptures, has expended up-
wards of eighty millions of francs—a-
bout £3,300,000 sterling.

Incendiaries are at work in Boston.

By the Mail.

TERRIBLE STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION.—The steamer *Wapello* reached this port yesterday from the Missouri. She reports that on the morning of the 23d inst. the steamer *Big Hatchee*, Capt. Frisbee, bound from this place to Weston burst her starboard boiler as she was showing out from the landing at Herman. The explosion scalded some twenty or thirty persons; five or six were killed, among the number was Mr. Lawrence Hoyle of this city, and the first and second engineers of the boat; the third engineer, a son of Mr. Ludlow of this city, was badly scalded, and brought down on the W.

The following are badly wounded: Patrick Carrigan, fireman; Arthur Neal, Callaway county, passenger; Thompson Games, Saline county, Mo., passenger; Harman Spellman, of Germany, and John Ryan, fireman; John Hammonds, of Van Buren county, Mo., passenger; John Barber, of Bath county, Ky., passenger; William Pulliam, passenger; Boliver Foster, Callaway county, Mo., passenger; Robert Carter, of Osage county, Mo., passenger. All of the above are badly scalded, and many of them will not, perhaps survive.

Slightly Scalded.—Zachariah Titus, Warren county, Pa. passenger; George Carrieco and wife, of Carroll county, Mo., slightly hurt; also a negro, belonging to them; Thomas Pearce of Boone county, Mo., passenger; Cornelius McGinnis, Mason county, Ky., slightly burnt; E. W. Richardson, fireman, Summit county, Ohio, slightly scalded; Mrs. Amelia Spary, Fort Leavenworth, slightly wounded.

The following escaped unhurt.—Mrs. Amelia Allan, Adair county, Ky.; John Juda and wife, Clarke county, Mo.; Winslow Turner, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Russ Taylor and wife, New York; Capt. Frisbee; James Miller, Clerk; John Allen, pilot of the boat, and between eight and ten deck hands and firemen, and a number of others, are missing. There was piled upon the fore part of the boat a considerable quantity of salt, lumber &c. the most of which was swept into the river. The hull appeared to be uninjured.

The *Big Hatchee* is said to have suffered severely, having nearly all the forward part of her cabin blown off. At the time of the accident she had not made more than one or two revolutions with her wheels. There were but a small number of passengers in the cabin, but they numbered between forty and fifty on deck, and fortunately for them it was that the engine room was filled with lumber, which prevented the steam and water from reaching as far back and doing the mischief it would otherwise have done. The number killed and missing cannot be correctly ascertained, as the passenger book, in which the names of those on deck were registered, was lost.

There were a number of ladies on board, none of whom were seriously injured. At the time of the accident nearly all the passengers were in their berths, it being about one o'clock, A. M. From this fortunate circumstance many no doubt escaped being hurried into eternity. Shortly after the explosion the steamer *Wapello* passed down; she stopped and rendered every assistance in her power to the sufferers. The boat had floated down the river some distance; the W. towed her back to Herman, where the unfortunate persons injured will doubtless receive every attention. No cause has been assigned for this terrible disaster.—*St. Louis New Era*, 25th ult.

Murderer Arrested.—Isaham Hobbs, the person who murdered Abraham Nowell, in Benton county, on the 18th of November, 1842, and for whose arrest the Executive offered a reward of \$200, was yesterday brought in irons to this city, on board the steamer *Omega*, by a Mr. John C. Scott, under a strong guard. The murder was committed under circumstances of the most aggravated character and in the melee three persons were killed. Hobbs fled to Washington county, where he has been living ever since; repeated attempts had been made to secure him, but he succeeded in keeping the officers of the law at bay until the morning of the 20th inst. when he was surrounded and surprised in a house, about three miles from Potosi, by Mr. Scott and three other persons; he was in bed when the door of the house was broken in; he instantly sprang to his feet, seized his gun, which was hanging near his side and a desperate struggle ensued; he was at first taken hold of by Mr. Scott, who finding that he was too stout for him to handle, and that he was in the act of making his escape by springing through a window, fired a pistol at him, the ball of which grazed his forehead, giving him a slight flesh wound. Before he had time to recover from the shock, the other persons took hold of him and he at once submitted, and permitted himself to be tied and afterwards ironed. From this city his captors will take him to Warsaw, the county seat of Benton county.—*St. Louis New Era*.

Great Fire at St. John, N. B.—A great fire took place at St. John, N. B. on the evening of the 29th ult., which destroyed about forty-five buildings, mostly wooden, and property estimated at about £60,000. It broke out between the blacksmiths shop of a Mr. Nesbit, and chandlery of Mr. John Walker, at the corner of Ward street and Peter's wharf. The fire was confined to this street and wharf, Water street and Prince William street, and Johnston's wharf. Our correspondent informs us that all the printing offices in town were thrown into confusion by this fire, being either burnt out or removed. It is supposed that there was insurance on much of the property destroyed, but no accurate estimate had been made. There is no insurance company at St. John, so that this part of the loss will fall upon other communities.

Difference in Ink.—We are informed that the account books, checks, and other manuscripts, belonging to Croker & Warren, have been recovered, having suffered no further injury from the fire than the total erasure of all entries made in blue ink, while those made in black were uniformly legible. If this is true, it is a fact which should be generally known. *N. Y. Tribune*.

The march of emigration towards the West is filling up Wisconsin very rapidly. The Green Bay Republican says the amount of money received at the Green Bay Land Office during the month ending June 30th, for private entries, was \$15,991.45. And the amount received for the same purpose during the quarter just ended, is almost \$40,000! Full nine tenths is immediately occupied by eastern emigrants.

A Great Business.—The Reading Journal states, that on Tuesday last there passed down the Reading Railroad twelve hundred and thirty-four cars laden with coal—averaging four and a half tons each—making the aggregate five thousand five hundred and fifty-three tons of coal, all passed over the road from one end to the other in a single day. This is said to be the largest amount of coal ever taken over the road in one day since it has been in operation.

A lady with an infant in her arms stepped into Congress Hall, Philadelphia, the other day, and asked for a room, saying that her husband would soon arrive with her baggage. One was provided for her, which she entered, and immediately rung the bell for a servant girl. The girl answered the call, when the lady requested her to hold the infant until she could step out and buy a pair of stockings; the servant took the child, and the mother has not been seen since.

STRANGE DEATH.—A colored woman recently died at the almshouse, and from the symptoms developed the physicians were unable to determine upon the cause of death. Upon a post mortem examination of her body, about one hundred nails were found in her intestines—together with a large two inch screw, and some crooked twelve penny nails, about four inches long; some pins, bent up, and two pieces of anthracite coal. The nails were generally four penny, six penny, and eight penny, some of them broken. One of the resident students weighed them, and found the ninety nails now at the almshouse, to weigh one pound.—About twelve of the nails are in the possession of a physician of this city.

What could have induced the poor creature to swallow iron and coal, and how she could swallow a rusty nail four inches long, are questions for speculative philosophy. The woman was an idiot, but very harmless, and had permission to walk through the yard, where it is supposed, she picked up the nails and swallowed them without the knowledge of any of the inmates of the institution.—She never complained, and when her declining health was noticed, and she was asked what was the matter, she generally smiled. She always appeared happy, and was kindly treated.—*Baltimore Sun*.

From Buenos Ayres.—The following statement of news from Buenos Ayres is from the New York Jour. of Commerce. The story of the English and French blockade, although an extension of former reports, has an air of improbability—if 5000 troops had been sent to that quarter from those countries, we should have heard of it before. We give the statement as it stands, and it may be taken for what it is worth.

Capt. Means of brig Henry, informs that when he left it was reported by the U. S. Consul, that the combined fleets of England, France and Brazil were about blockading the port of Buenos Ayres. Thirty-two sail of British and French men-of-war were assembled in the river, with more than 5000 troops on board.

Our file of the British Packet is to June 1st, and Capt Means sailed on the 5th. What may have occurred in the interval we cannot tell; but there is nothing mentioned in the Packet which could lead to the idea of a blockade being probable.

Capt. Means reports that the brig Emily Farnham, of Salem, was refused entrance into the port of Buenos Ayres because she had been spoken, while passing Monte Video, by the U. S. ship of war Boston, which put some letters on board.

Baron Delfadis, the new Minister from France, arrived at Buenos Ayres on the 30th of May, in the French steam frigate Fulton.

Mr. Mandeville, the recalled British minister, had his audience of leave on the 7th; and on the 8th Mr. Ouseley, the new Minister, presented his credentials. The Packet says that the matters in controversy with Brazil were in train for amicable adjustment. The Montevideoans who took refuge in the Brazilian territory has been disarmed, and ex-President Rivera had been conducted, under escort, from the town of Pelotas, in the province of Rio Grande. General Oribe had proclaimed an amnesty, inviting the fugitive Montevideoans to return in peace and safety.

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SHAMEFUL.—The front of the new church now building in Broadway, New York, for the Rev. Mr. Bellows, has twice been most seriously and wantonly defaced. Those who have seen the building probably recollect the elaborately carved heads at each side of the main entrance. When they were placed in their position, some rascal painted them black. After much labor this paint was removed by the aid of chisels, and the heads restored to their former beauty.—But they did not long remain so, for on Thursday or Friday night last the noses of the heads were knocked off, and the ornaments irreparably injured. They will have to be removed, and others inserted in their places.

Ignorance of the Law.—Information was given to the Mayor of this city that the schooner *Pioneer*, Wm. T. Rice, master, bound to Boston, had just left the port and was on her way down the river, with three colored persons on board, believed to be slaves taken on board at that place. The Mayor thereupon sent after the vessel and had her brought back, and the master and the three negroes brought before him; when it appeared satisfactorily that the latter were all free. Still, however, the master had violated the law and incurred a fine of five hundred dollars, for attempting to carry them out of the state without a permit from a magistrate; a legal recognition of their freedom by the civil authorities being required by its provisions.

The penalty is not obligatory, but may be enforced by any one who will sue for it; and we learn that one of the officers sent to bring back the vessel has undertaken to sue. The schooner was from Richmond with a cargo of coal, and put in here to obtain hands. It is thought that Capt. Rice shipped these colored men from considerations of economy, or perhaps from necessity, as seamen are very scarce and their wages high at this time. Capt. Rice was discharged, and also one of his men; the other two, not having their free papers, were not permitted to leave the State, though discharged from custody.—*Norfolk Herald*.

It is stated that more than six hundred children attend the public schools in Chicago, Illinois. One building has been completed, containing school rooms for two wards of the city, at an expense of from \$7,000 to \$8,000. It is a splendid structure, and convenient in arrangement to answer to its design.

Portsmouth Steam Factory.—The Portsmouth Steam Factory Company met agreeably to adjournment, on Monday July 28th at 3 1/2 o'clock, P. M. at the Franklin House, to fill vacancies in the Board of Directors, and transact any other business that might come before the meeting. The Directors elected were—Ichabod Goodwin, of Portsmouth; John Marland, of Andover; Elphaleth Baker, of Boston; J. M. Beebe, of do; George Hill, of do; John Knowlton, of Portsmouth; Alexander H. Ladd, of do.

It was voted by the Company to proceed immediately to erect a mill for twenty thousand spindles, for the manufacture of cotton goods; and they will be ready next week to contract for building materials, masonry, &c. &c. The progress of the building of the mill has been delayed in consequence of the gentleman who is to be agent being absent in England.

At a meeting of the Directors afterwards, Ichabod Goodwin was chosen President; Jeremiah S. Young, Agent; Walter Farnsworth, of Boston, Treasurer. John N. Handy was previously chosen Proprietor's Clerk.—*Portsmouth Journal*.

Richway Robbery in West Roxbury.—We learn that an individual, named George W. Hatch, belonging to the Brook Farm Association in West Roxbury, was waylaid and robbed on Friday evening, as he was going home from the city in a wagon. The story is, that a man stopped Mr. H. and asked him to let him ride, which he did. After they had gone a short distance, two other men appeared in the road and demanded Mr. H.'s money. He reached forward to seize a club in his wagon by the man who had got in with him. The robbers seized Mr. H. and robbed him of \$150, after handing him severely; and then put him back into the wagon, and he reached home about eleven o'clock, much injured. Mr. H. states that he stabbed one of the robbers.—*Boston Traveller*.

The Perkins House, late Blind Asylum in Boston is soon to be taken down, and a block of three splendid new stores built on the site. We are informed that the present owner has lately refused \$50 per foot for the land, which, two or three years ago could have been bought for \$3 or less.—[*Ibid*].

Melancholy Accident on Long Island.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. J. Birkbeck, Jr. of Brooklyn, in company with four others, took an excursion in a small boat; when they arrived near Bath some of landed, and began to throw stones at those remaining in the boat, to avoid which, those on board went on one side of the boat, which immediately turned over and precipitated them into the water. With some difficulty two of the party reached the shore; but unfortunately the gentleman named was carried away by the tide, which was fast ebbing at the time, and was drowned. Up to a late hour last evening his body had not been recovered. The deceased has left a wife and three young children to deplore his loss.—*N. Y. Herald*.

BURNING WELL.—A correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer gives an account of a burning well that may be seen at Southington Centre, in Trumbull county, Ohio. The well is 91 feet deep, all but 24 feet through sandstone, quicksand and hard rock, which the augur used for boring could not penetrate. When it was withdrawn, a peculiar odor, accompanied by a rushing sound, was perceived. Suspecting the presence of inflammable gas, the owner of the well lowered a lamp into it. A violent explosion, that did some injury to the bystanders, was the consequence, and the gas still continues to burn. It is doubtless carburated hydrogen.

Steam for Texas.—The Monmouth, a low pressure boat has been sold to the United States government for \$13,000 by Messrs. J. & R. Geddes, of our city, agents for her owners, and will be transferred, on her arrival from Mobile this morning, to leave for Texas. The steamboat *Undine*, chartered as a lighter for the troops to Texas, left here yesterday, under a contract, with our fellow townsman, George Whitman, Esq. at \$350 per day, for a period of thirty days certain.—*N. O. Pic*, 22d.

The Operation of the New Post Office Law.—Upon application at the Post Office Department, we learn the possibility of acquiring correct information, at this time, concerning the general operation of the new postage law. Nor shall we be able to lay before our readers any general exposition of its effect until after the end of the current quarter, which expires on the last day of the next month. From the city post office we learn that the number of letters, papers and packages, passing through their hands, unconnected with the business of the government, has increased about 33 per cent, when compared with the month of June.

The gross amount of proceeds from postage on these has fallen off nearly 60 per cent, while the postage charged to the Government for its letters, &c. received and sent, is enormous. For the Post Office Department alone, it is said to reach near \$40,000 for the month just past.—*Washington Union*, of Saturday.

Review in Paris.—A melancholy event happened July 9, on the Champ de Mars. During a review of the Cavalry by the Duke de Nemours, accompanied by his brother the Duke d'Aumale, General Count de Sparre, who was on the ground as inspector general, was suddenly struck with a congestion of the brain, the consequence, it is said, of an affection of the heart, and died in a few minutes. The prince was deeply afflicted, and immediately dismissed the troops. The officer thus suddenly taken out of life was President of the cavalry committee, Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor, and peer of France. He had eminently distinguished himself in the service of his country both as a soldier and a legislator.—*Galignani*.

Singular Circumstance.—After a cart loaded with hay had been standing in the barn of Mr. Wm. O. Waller Barnard, of Whately, about eighteen hours, smoke was seen to issue from the inside of one of the wheels. The hay was speedily unloaded, and the cart drawn out. On removing the wheel, it was found that the portion of the axle-tree between the boxes, was also burnt to a coal and crumbled to pieces; and the inside of the hub, between the boxes, was also burnt all around nearly half way through. The fire was caused, probably by the friction of the wood. This statement is vouched for as strictly true. The ignited hub was contiguous to a row of hay, and had the fire reached the outside of it, the barn would have been burnt.—*Northampton Gas*.

Remarkable Cure of Stammering.—The boy John Sweeney, who was so severely injured in the brow by a kick from a horse, on Saturday night last, was before the accident one of the greatest stammerers in his speech. He now speaks fluently, and with the greatest ease.—*Caledonian Mercury*.

Donation of Mr. Lawrence.—The Hon. Abbott Lawrence, has presented to the City of Boston the sum of two thousand dollars, the interest of which is to be expended in prizes, to be awarded to deserving scholars of the Public Latin School of that city.

Taxes of the City of Lowell.—Whole number of Polls, 5,397; tax on Polls, at \$1.50 each, \$8,095.50; tax on Estates, \$96,556.61; whole amount of tax, \$104,652.11. Valuation of Real Estate, \$9,406,104; valuation of Personal Estate, \$5,223,686; total valuation, \$14,629,790. Valuation of Corporations, \$9,177,500; do. of Non-residents, \$1,098,546; do. of Residents, \$4,353,744. City appropriation, \$90,200; County tax, \$10,405.24; State tax, \$2,478; Overlayings, \$1,568.87. The following is the amount of tax upon the Manufacturing Corporations: Merrimack Co., \$10,560; Lawrence, \$7,920; Boott, \$6,336; Hamilton, \$6,336; Massachusetts, \$6,336; Middlesex, \$3,960; Lowell, \$3,168; Appleton, \$3,168; Suffolk, \$3,168; Tremont, \$3,168; Lowell Machine Shop, \$1,980; Locks and Canals, \$1,834; Lowell Bleachery, \$369.60. Total tax on Corporation, \$58,303.60.—*Lowell Courier*.

Frugality of Seamen.—The New York Express states that the crew of the ship *Europe* were shipped without receiving the usual advance of wages, preferring to await the return of the ship to her port, without consuming any portion of their earnings.

POMPEII.—Letters from Naples mention some recent discoveries of interest made in late excavations at Pompeii, particularly an extensive Necropolis. Beside one of the graves there is a boat, and over it is inscribed *Clovelius*, *Dauric* and *Tribune of Pompeii*. This is a family name hitherto unknown. Near it is a monument of fine Grecian marble, richly sculptured. The ground where these discoveries have been made is the property of Signor Verlucci, who pays so little regard to antiquities, that as soon as he hears of a grave being explored, he orders it to be filled up with earth or rubbish.—*London Times*.

Strength of Mexico.—As Mexico threatens to declare war against the United States, and perhaps will do so, it is a matter of some interest to know who we are to fight, their numbers, character, complexion, and their experience in arms. The following is the census in each province, or district: Aguascalientes 69,593; Chiapas 141,206; Chihuahua 147,600; Durango 162,618; Guanajuato 512,607; Jalisco 679,311; Mexico 1,389,520; Michoacan 497,006; Nuevo Leon 101,109; Nuevo Mexico 57,026; Oajaca 500,278; Puebla 661,002; Queretaro 120,560; San Luis Potosi 321,840; Sinaloa 147,000; Sonora 124,000; Tabasco 53,800; Tamaulipas 100,018; Vera Cruz 234,380; Yucatan 580,948; Zacatecas 273,573. Total 6,942,070. Of this population of Mexico, say seven millions of people, one seventh are whites; the rest are Indians, half-breeds, and negroes. So that the entire war population of Mexico about to declare war against us may be deemed to be less than one million.

Another Seducer Murdered.—The Southern Family Journal of Florida says that a most deliberate and cool blooded murder, was committed on the 21st ult., at Greenville, C. H., in that State, upon the person of a young man named Robert Hadden, by Mr. Dexter Wells. The weapon used by Mr. Wells was a double barrel gun. He discharged both barrels, the contents of which Hadden received in his right and left side—nine in the right and nine in the left side—numbering altogether, eighteen bullets. The unfortunate man survived for the space of 26 hours in the most excruciating pain and agony. The transaction resulted from Hadden's having seduced Wells' sister, a short time since. Well's is now in confinement, awaiting his trial.

Cat and Bird Fight.—A friend in the country noticed a very singular contest a few days since. A good sized cat had caught a little chipping bird, and was rushing off with her prey, when a kingbird, attracted by the cries of her victim, came to the rescue, and gave a loud alarm, which was answered by a whole swarm of king birds and swallows, which attacked the cat with such ferocity that she was soon compelled to drop her victim; but the feathered avengers were not content with this. They pursued the cat, continually pecking at her, until she found shelter under a barn, creeping through a crevice, where her tormentors did not venture to follow her.

Providence Journal.

CURIOUS ACCIDENT.—A most singular accident occurred on Friday afternoon, about 2 o'clock, at the corner of Tremont street and Pemberton square Boston. A lady, standing on the corner, waiting for a carriage, had her foot smashed and two toes completely taken off, by the wheel of the carriage striking the curb stone, with her foot between.

ACCIDENT.—Six ladies were riding in a horse carriage in this vicinity on Friday, when on going down a gentle acclivity, the horse went a little faster than some of the riders were in the habit of going, and four or five of them seized the reins to guide the "flying deer" safely through the impending danger. As luck would have it, three got hold of one rein when but two seized the other, and the consequence very naturally was that the majority pulled the hardest, and the horse was guided out of the road, the carriage upset and the whole were scattered upon the ground. Miss Shenck, Miss McKeanne and Mrs. Goodenough, were considerably bruised—the former quite seriously. Ladies should always bear in mind the truthful proverb, that "too many cooks spoil the broth."

Le Roy Gazette.

A good story—if not true, truth like—is told in the Philadelphia Eagle, of a landlord, who finding that the refrigerator in his yard in which he was accustomed to put woodcock and other niceties for cool keeping, was occasionally opened, and choice things abstracted, substituted one night some big snapping turtles for the smaller game, and then watched the result. In due time the epicurean thief arrived, lifted the lid quietly inserted his hand in the accustomed spot, and lo! it was instantly gripped by a snapper. The marauder roared with pain, the snapper held on, and the landlord on the watch roared with laughter, till finally having by exclamations, "I've caught him, I've caught him," collected his boarders, he led them into the yard, and there they found the wibegone epicurean philosopher with the snapping turtle still at the end of his finger! It was only by cutting off the head of the captor, that the captive, well admonished, was released.

The Philadelphia papers say that the Post Office Department have decided to take only American coin in payment for postage, or to receive Spanish 6 1/4 and 12 1/2 cent pieces and quarters, as equal only to half dimes, dimes and 25 cents.

THE CROPS OF CONNECTICUT.—The New London Advocate says:—

"As far as we can learn from our farmers, the crops will, in this part of New London county, be about equal to those of any previous year—although the quantity of hay cut, will be hardly an average crop. Grain—rye and oats—we are told, will come in very well, and of corn there will be about an average yield. Of fruit there is an abundance of most kinds. We hear nothing yet, however, of the apple crop—but of peaches and peaches there will be a large supply."

A REMARKABLE RUN.—Capt. Montgomerie of the U. S. ship *Portsmouth*, in a letter to the Secretary of the Navy, says that vessel accomplished the run from Rio to the meridian of Cape Horn in fifteen days, and from the Chesapeake to the Pacific Ocean in forty-five days, a passage which he believes has not in parallel on record.

MAJOR DELAFIELD, the present superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, is, we hear, to be relieved very shortly. Capt. Brewster, of the Engineer Corps—to which branch of the service the office of the Superintendent is confined—succeeding him in the command of the post. Capt. B. is comparatively a young man, an able and accomplished soldier, and a thorough gentleman.

Such as the Academy will miss the services of Major Delafield, it has been fortunate in his successor.—[*Eve. Gaz.*]

ACCIDENT.—A man by the name of Albert Smith, employed at the gun factory at the Falls, Conn., came near losing his life on Thursday last, by the accidental discharge of a battery of pistols, which he was proving—several balls entering his body, and the powder much burning his person. He is expected to recover.

Communication between the Atlantic and Pacific.—The Washington Union gives some information, derived from a letter received from Mr. Jewett, Charge of the United States at Panama, and dated June 9th. His passage from Norfolk, Va., to Chagres, occupied twenty-five days, and he was four days in going from Chagres to Panama, across the Isthmus. He estimates the whole distance from one ocean to the other, by land and water, at sixty-five miles, but in a direct line the distance is only forty-five miles. He travelled with his family and baggage, taking a boat at Chagres for a village at the head of boat navigation, called Cruces; but he stopped five miles short of that place, at Gorgona, as the river was very high and the current strong.

He left Gorgona at eight o'clock in the morning, and arrived at Panama about six o'clock the same evening. It required twelve horses to transport himself, family and baggage, and he says the road is a more track for a horse through the forest. A guide is furnished for passengers and a man to drive each package horse. Mr. Jewett describes the forest as one continued and most magnificent green house—more beautiful than any he had ever seen cultivated by the hand of man in the United States. He regrets that he could not have been a week, instead of a day, in making the passage. Many of the trees were bearing fruit, growing in the most luxuriant manner. The forest bordering on Chagres river is very beautiful. He never had travelled a distance of sixty-five miles which afforded so much to interest and excite a stranger as the route from Chagres to Panama.

The passage across the Isthmus, at this point, is a matter of great importance, as it leaves the traveler to the Pacific a sea voyage of more than eight thousand miles. The anchorage at Chagres is safe and good, and vessels can lie there without danger to the officers and crew, unless they unnecessarily remain on shore; the climate of Chagres on shore is very unsafe, but at Gorgona, which is high and healthy, people can remain as long as they please, in perfect safety. At Panama, there is a good public house, kept by a Mr. Johnson, and by taking mattresses to use in the boats while on the river, and by exercising proper care, people can cross the Isthmus in three days, with perfect security to their persons and property, and without endangering their health.

Mr. Jewett thinks it important that our government should assist in establishing a regular line of communication, by this route, to the Pacific. Vessels sent by the government should always communicate with Panama, as persons may be stopping at that place for an opportunity to come to the United States. A messenger can go from Chagres to Panama and return in four days, but in order to give passengers fair notice and time to arrive, six days delay should be allowed, and that would be ample.

DANIEL BOONE.—The remains of Daniel Boone and wife were, says the Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth, brought to Frankfort on the 23d July, under the care of Col. William Boone of Shelby county, the oldest surviving nephew of the deceased, and Messrs. Thomas L. Crittenden and Philip Swigert of the place. These gentlemen visited Miamas as a committee for that purpose, being charged by the Frankfort Cemetery company with the patriotic duty of removing to the land of their early vicissitudes and trials, the remains of these noble and fearless pioneers. Their history is known to the world. They were the first male and female that ever trod the "dark and bloody ground;" and their early adventures, indomitable perseverance, unwavering patriotism, and pure and spotless lives, are indissolubly interwoven in the early tradition of Kentucky.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY

Newport.

SATURDAY AUGUST 9, 1845

Deplorable Conflagration and Loss of Life.

Destruction of the Ocean House.

We are grieved to record the total destruction by fire on Sunday afternoon last, of that extensive and valuable establishment on the Hill, known as the OCEAN HOUSE, and we are pained to add that it was attended by the loss of the life of SAMUEL FOWLER GARDNER, Esq., one of our most enterprising and valuable citizens.

The fire commenced between one and two o'clock in the Cook House, (a building in the rear,) while the boarders 3 or 400 in number were mostly in their rooms preparing for dinner—the flames soon communicated to the wing of the building in which was the Dining Room, and spread in every direction—from the scarcity of water, and the length of time it took for the Engines to arrive from the lower part of the town, it was soon evident that no human power could avail in saving the building and the efforts of the citizens were therefore directed to saving the furniture of the House and baggage of the boarders, and the fire department directed its efforts to prevent the fire from communicating to the neighboring buildings.

While several citizens were employed in removing the furniture from the upper part of the Wing a lamentable accident took place.—A part of the building fell in and buried in the ruins SAMUEL FOWLER GARDNER, Esq., whose remains were found and recognized a few hours after. Mr. George Burroughs was considerably injured by falling with a ladder, and Mr. Robert Coggeshall by jumping from a window. The whole building was in a short time wrapped in flames and presented the appearance of a volcano,—the flames ascended upwards to an immense height, while the fire poured out from every door and window like a grand and majestic appearance. In less than three hours after the fire commenced, this immense pile was entirely consumed.

Most of the furniture and nearly all the baggage of the boarders were saved and placed in the adjoining fields for safety.

The Artillery Company, under Col. Perry, came out, and took charge of the property during the night, and a detachment of U. S. troops, under command of Lt. Martin was sent from the Garrison at Fort Adams, to aid in protecting the property saved.

The Ocean House was estimated to have cost about \$36,000 and the furniture about 20,000. We understand there was insurance on the building in the Providence and Hartford offices for \$8,000 and \$9,000 in Boston, on the furniture.

As most of the furniture was saved, the insurance will no doubt cover the loss.

Under an apprehension that lodgings could not be procured for the now house boarders of the Ocean House, over 40 in number, an express was sent to Providence, for the steamer Massachusetts to come down and take them on board, but previous to her arrival the house of many of our citizens were thrown open for their reception, and temporary lodgings were provided for them at the Public House, Goffe's Bowling Saloon and the Masonic Hall so that they were provided for.

Mr. WEAVER, late of the Ocean House, has been for the accommodation of his boarders in Polk's street, formerly occupied as a boarding house by the late Captain Wm. R. Gardner, and also the Harrison house in the Neck.

The sudden and melancholy death of SAMUEL FOWLER GARDNER, Esq. has cast a gloom over our community, for his loss will be sensibly felt not only by his immediate family but by all who knew him. He was one of our most active and prominent business men; for several years was Cashier of the Bank of Rhode Island and at the time of his death was President of that Institution. To his enterprise the town is mainly indebted for the establishment of Cotton Manufactories, and such was the prudence and skill with which he conducted those first undertakings, that for the last three years he has been intrusted with the sole business management of all the Mills.

His remains were interred on Tuesday last from his late residence in Thames street, on which occasion all the stores in the street were closed as the procession passed, in token of respect to his memory.

We have been requested to mention that during the Summer season, the Wood Library will be open every day, from 2 to 5 P. M.

Concert at the Atlantic House.

MR. EDITOR:—The little MISS BRAMSON gave one more Concert at the Atlantic House, THIS EVENING. Their Concert on Thursday evening was attended by a very respectable audience, who were exceedingly delighted and astonished. But the Hall, notwithstanding, was not half as full as it ought to have been, and I hope all who appreciate genuine musical talent will attend on this evening. Let it be remembered that one of these little girls is about 10 years of age, and the other only 7—yet their superiors on the Piano are not to be found in the known world, of their age; and but very few, at any age. The most difficult pieces of music can be read and performed by them, as readily as children of that age can read their letters.

Permit me to express the hope that they may have a full house this evening. Every one who has the least taste for music of the highest order, should not fail to go—and especially those who are taking lessons on this fashionable instrument. I venture to say that all who attend will come away gratified and with tastes improved.

Without detracting at all from the just claims of others, I am positive there has been no concert given in this fashionable watering place, during the present season, that bears a comparison with this in point of intrinsic merit.

A. V. AMATEUR.

"Still they come."—Upwards of Six Hundred visitors have arrived here in Steamboats this week.

The steamer Mohegan, with about forty passengers from Stonington for this place, yesterday morning in the fog got on shore on Watch Hill reef, where she lay until about noon, when she returned to Stonington with loss of rudder. The passengers were brought on by the Massachusetts.

The New York Yacht Fleet arrived in our harbor last evening.

Capt. Charles A. Woolsey, formerly of the steamer Narragansett, and his brother, Capt. B. F. Woolsey, late of the steamer Iolas, are building a steamboat to ply between this city and Newport, of the following dimensions:—200 feet in length, 27 feet beam, and 450 tons burthen. She will be ready early next spring to take her place on the route.

Providence Journal.

Mr. Reed, of Fort Hamilton, it is said, saved his house, there, from a similar casualty to that at Newport, by promptness and decision. The kitchen was on fire by the ignition of fat, as at the Ocean House and the danger to a whole was eminent. Yet nobody knew of it, so well did Mr. Reed take his measures. This was just a week before the more fatal accident at the other watering place.

N. Y. Express.

BATTLE ROYAL IN RAPIDES.—The last Western Democrat, published at Alexandria, Louisiana, gives lengthy particulars of a regular battle recently fought in the parish of Rapides, in which several persons were killed. To make a long story short, says the New Orleans Picayune, it seems that some time in November last, a man named James Spurlock, together with William Norton, his overseer, succeeded in running off to Texas about seventy slaves, property on which the banks of this city and private individuals had mortgaged to a considerable amount. Temping rewards were offered for the recovery of the slaves, and a daring young man went on to Texas and succeeded in starting back with five of them. He reached some point on this side of the Sabine, but was overtaken and obliged to give up the slaves; this was the first attempt.

Not daunted by this reverse, the young man is said to have gathered about fifteen armed men, and by circuitous routes again reached the neighborhood of the runaways in Texas, unsuspected. We now quote from the Democrat:—

"About daylight on the morning of the 16th, the party entered the premises, secured fifty-six slaves, a number of horses, mules, &c., and marched directly for the Sabine. Norton and Kirkland, overseers, were, we are informed, taken prisoners. The cavalcade moved on slowly, and on Friday night last reached Mr. Isler's, on 'Ten Mile Creek,' distant from this place about forty-five miles. Severely fatigued by traveling about one hundred miles, the party sunk on the ground and fell into a profound slumber, which was disturbed at daybreak by the whistling of bullets through the tents.—The leader was on guard at the time, and immediately awoke his men, (we use his own words) all of whom, with the exception of two, immediately fled. The assassins, he says, numbered about forty. The two that stood by him, named McDaniel and Wilson, were shot dead. Our hero and a young man named McGehee, who came up afterwards, succeeded in killing two of their opponents, and wounding another, and then made good their retreat. The slaves were re-taken, and the victors started for home."

The editor of the Democrat does not justify these high handed proceedings at all, and says that no citizen of Rapides was in any way connected with the disgraceful affair. The scheme, he says, was concocted in this city, and the person selected to make the desperate effort to bring the property within the jurisdiction of the courts in Rapides, is a stranger to that community. The Democrat thus closes its strange account:

"The party that seized and the party that followed and captured the slaves, were Texans. We wash our hands of the whole business, but must insist that the laws of our state be rigidly enforced against those outcasts who make our soil the theatre of their bloody deeds."

The Warren Tragedy Case Disposed of.—The New Jersey Court of Appeals, after being occupied during the whole term with the argument of counsel in the case, yesterday affirmed the judgement of the Supreme Court, on the various questions raised by the counsel of the prisoners—Messrs Vroom and Dayton.—The judgement of death passed upon them, is thus placed beyond reversal, by the decision of the Court of the last resort. So that the prisoners—Jos. Carter Jr. and Peter W. Parke—will be executed according to sentence on Tuesday the 22d day of August inst—unless the Court Pardon, comprising the Governor, the Chancellor and six Judges of the Court of Appeals, (which has just confirmed the sentence of the court below), should interpose, which is scarcely probable.

The guilt of the prisoners as actors in the bloodiest tragedy ever enacted in New Jersey, is thus finally established after repeated and protracted trials, running through two years, and all the Courts of the State having cognizance of such cases and in which they have had the aid of the ablest counsel that money could procure. It has been altogether the most protracted and expensive case known in the annals of the State. We may now therefore without impropriety congratulate the country that public justice is vindicated, and it only remains for the officers of the law to execute its final decrees. This we believe to be in strict accordance with public sentiment.

Those who have given most attention to the subject entertain no doubt whatever that it was exclusively a family affair—that the Castner family were butchered by these prisoners, with or without the aid of other relatives, (one of whom is still under indictment,) for the purpose of obtaining the large sums of money known to be in the house, and perhaps securing the real estate as an inheritance.—Newark Daily Advertiser.

SMALL FOX IN FALL RIVER.—The Weekly News of yesterday says:—Since we mentioned that there was one case of Small Fox in town, there have been four new ones. There are at present five—one on Eight street and four on Anawan street.

Mr. Buchanan, Secretary of State, has left Washington for Bedford, Pa. Springs. John Y. Mason, the Attorney General, is to act as secretary ad interim. Mr. Marcy, Secretary of War, is at Harper's Ferry, Va.

TURK'S ISLAND.—Advises from Turk's Island to the 4th of June, state that the inhabitants were again suffering for want of provisions. Unless there should be a speedy arrival, the poor Turk's Islanders would actually starve. Three boats were out in chase of a passing vessel, hoping to get a supply but could not overtake her.

There were 226 deaths in New York, and 114 in Philadelphia during the past week.

SANDS' SCORPARIOLA.—MEN, the prey of many diseases, the elements of which lurk even in the air he breathes and the water he drinks, may be compared to the flying fish, which no sooner springs from the waves to avoid the dolphin, than it is in peril from the beak of the albatross or gull. It, therefore, a remedy is discovered for one class of diseases, much is accomplished in the way of a discount on the bills of mortality. It is conceded that Sands' scorpariola is a specific for a very large and fatal class of human ailments, viz. All those which impurities of the blood develop upon the surface, and in the glands, flesh, fibres and tissues of the body, as also for dyspepsia, active rheumatism, liver complaint, &c. Scorpariola has lost half its terrors since the introduction of this article.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79 Fulton street, New York. Sold also at 273 Broadway, 77 East Broadway, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price \$1 per bottle. Six bottles for \$5. Sold in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard and R. J. Taylor.

Brighton Market, Monday, Aug. 4. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At Market, 1000 Beef Cattle, 3200 Sheep and 300 Swine. 100 Beef Cattle unsold. Prices.—Beef Cattle.—Former prices were not sustained; we quote extra \$5.25 a 5.37; first quality \$5.50 a 5.17; second quality 4.25 a 4.75; third 3.50 a 4. Sheep.—Lambs from 1.33 to \$2; old sheep from \$1.50 to 2.25. Swine.—old Hogs at 4.14 to 5.00; Shoats to peddle 4.14 to 5.14 to 5.14. At retail from 5 to 6.12.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, Aug. 4. WOOL.—There begins to be some movement in fleece wool, but no large sales have been made, and prices are not settled. Sales of different grades have been made at from 24 to 36c per lb., on the usual credit of 6 mos. The new clip is coming in freely. Palled sales within the range of our quotations. Sales 200 a 300 bales South American at 13 a 14c per lb., 6 mos.

Prices of Wool.—Prime Saxony Fleece, washed 38 a 40c, per pound; American full blood do 35 a 37; do 34 do 33 a 35; do 12 do 31 a 33; do 14 and common do 28 a 30; Super Northern pulled lambs 36 a 38; No 1 do do 34 a 35; No 2 do do 23 a 25; No 3 do do 14 a 17.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Tuesday last, at Zion Church, by the Rev. Mr. Watson, Mr. George Cozzens to Mary Winton Gould, daughter of Mr. Isaac Gould, all of this town. In Bristol on Monday the 4th inst, by the Rev. Mr. Shepard, Mr. William Guild to Mrs. Abby D'Walt Boss, both of this town. In Fall River, on Sunday last, by the Rev. Mr. Butler, Mr. Edward Carr to Miss Rebecca Barker, daughter of Mr. Alexander Barker, all of this town.

DIED.

In Providence on the 2d inst. Rev. Arthur Granger, pastor of the Baptist Congregational Church, in the 43d year of his age.

Marine List.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, August, 3d.

Ship Solomon Salts, Fales, fm Fall River for the Pacific. Sch'r Brodhaven, Berry, fm Dighton; Caledonia, Spellman, fm Providence for Albany; Brilliant, Cotton, fm do for Philadelphia; Osella, Churn, fm do for Virginia; Eliza Hand, Baker, fm do for Baltimore; Thomas Conner, Nickerson, fm do for Philadelphia; Harvost, Presbury, fm New York for Wareham.

Sloops Rienti, Durfee, fm New York for Providence; Corinthian, Chase, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Moses Eddy, Riven, fm do for New York; Ann B. Holmes, Brown, fm Albany for Fall River; Neptune, Kimball, fm New York for Providence.

MONDAY, August 4th.

Ship Magnet, Wilbur, fm Warren for Philadelphia, whaling.

Propeller Eudora, Brown, fm Fall River for New York.

Sch'r's Time, Goshes, fm Providence for Suffolk; Henry, Hildon, fm Providence for New York; Union, Colby, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Rival, Brown, fm Fall River for do; Metamora, Allen, fm Warren for do; Ponnona, Allen, fm New Bedford for Hartford; Catherine, Griffith, fm Wareham for Baltimore; Massasoit, Godfrey, fm Taunton for Philadelphia.

Sloops Charles, Barlow, fm Sandwich for Hartford; Yankee, Hatch, fm Fall River for New York.

Cleared.—Sch'r Brilliant, Levett, Norfolk. In port.—Sch'r Halcyon, discharging.

TUESDAY, Aug. 5.

Brig Josephus, Gray, fm Somerset for Philadelphia.

Sch'r's Florida, Reed, fm New Bedford for Philadelphia; Hope & Esther, Nickerson, fm Fall River for Bath; Perseverance, Nickerson, fm Providence for Kennebec.

Sloop Chief, Briggs, fm Fall River for New York.

THURSDAY, August 7.

Brig Majestic, True, fm Somerset for Philadelphia; Carolina Clark, Orin, fm Pictou for Providence.

Sch'r New England, Pendleton, fm Bangor for this port; Franklin, Greene, Wiley, fm Mattapoisett for do; Middlesex, Gifford, fm Albany; Targuin, Kennenmy, fm Bangor; Betsey & Polly, Baker, fm Gardiner for Fall River; Boston, Boyington, fm Fall River for Gardiner; Utalagon, Brookings, fm do for Kennebec; Armadillo, Wooster, fm do for Sullivan; Ellen Harding, fm Boston for Hartford; Company, Brightman, fm Fall River for New York.

Marine Memoranda.

Ship St. Lawrence, Chase, a'd from Liverpool 12th for New York.

Ship Louis Philippe, Castoff, a'd from Havre 15th for New York.

Brig Tasso, Riley, was at Barbice 4th ult, from Norfolk, Va.

Brig Robert, Coog, from West Coast of Africa June 10th, arr at New York 1st.

Sch'r Alexander, Taylor, hence, arr at Philadelphia 30th.

Sch'r Direct, Briggs, arr at New York 29th from Baltimore.

Sch'r Lois, Honeywell, arr at Hartford 27th from Philadelphia.

C'd at New Orleans 21th, sch'r Mobile, Cozzens, Louisiana.

Ship Wm. Engle, Dennis, was spoken Aug. 3d, off Southampton, L. I., from New York for Pictou.

WHALEERS.

Arr at New Bedford, 4th, ship Martha, Sayer, Pacific, Talcott, April 20th, 550 blis sp. 1950 lb, wh oil, and 1000 lbs, of bone, for Fairhaven.

Weekly Almanac.

1845.	Sun	Sun	Sun	High
AUGUST	rice	rice	rice	Wat
9 Saturday,	5	1	6	50 10 7 a 011
10 Sunday,	5	2	6	58 10 43 1 3
11 Monday,	5	3	6	57 11 36 1 59
12 Tuesday,	5	4	6	56 morn, 2 57
13 Wednesday,	5	6	6	54 0 32 3 58
14 Thursday,	5	7	6	53 1 6 4 59
15 Friday,	5	8	6	52 2 17 5 28

Moon first qr. 10th 5h 11m afternoon.

Court of Probate, Newport, August 4, 1845.

JOHN STERNE, administrator on the estate of

CHARLES M. THURSTON, dec., presents his first account on said estate for allowance.

The same is read and received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport on the first Monday in September next at 9 o'clock A. M. And notice is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, August 4th.

Application was made for an Administrator to be appointed on the estate of

SARAH SMITH, late of Newport widow, dec.

The same is received, and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport on the first Monday in September next at 9 o'clock A. M., and notice is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, & C.

NEWPORT, s. e.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, August 8, a. d. 1845.

WHEREAS Benjamin C. Eddy, Trader, and Michael E. Peckham, Laborer, of the town and county of Newport, have filed in this Office this day, their Petitions praying for certain reasons therein stated, for the benefit of an Act passed at the June Session, a. d. 1823, entitled "An act for the relief of Insolvent debtors," may be extended to them. This is therefore to notify the Creditors of the said Eddy and Peckham, to appear before said Court, to be held at Newport on the 4th Monday in August, A. D. 1845, and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said Petitions ought not to be granted.

WM. GILPIN, Clerk.

LEECHES, In prime order, at Aug. 9.] R. J. TAYLOR'S

GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

AT THE ATLANTIC HOUSE,

THIS EVENING,

By the little Queen of the Piano, Miss JOSEPHINE BRAMSON,

10 years of age, assisted by her sister, Miss ELIZABETH BRAMSON,

7 years of age.

Tickets 50 Cents. Children under 12 years, half price, to be had at the Door and at the principle Book stores.

Doors open at quarter past 8. Concert to commence at half past 8. [Aug. 9.]

To the Ladies of Newport & those Visiting Here.

Mrs. L. D. WRIGHT,

RESPECTFULLY proposes a course of 5 Lectures on Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, and the Physiology of Beasts and Animals, illustrated by the use of suitable Apparatus and Diagrams, with experiments in Chemistry and Pneumatics. And either in a concluding lecture, or during the Course above stated, (as time may permit) remarks will be added upon the more ordinary branches of school instruction, accompanied by suggestions relative to the best methods of teaching them.

The attention of mothers would be very appropriate, as it is extremely important that they should become acquainted with all the facilities which the continued improvements of the present period afford in the education of youth. Still it is hoped that young ladies also may be both entertained and benefited, if only by a repetition of the opportunities which they may have previously enjoyed.

Mrs. W. will be gratified by the acceptance, on the part of the ladies of Clergymen and Instructors, of Tickets for the Course.

Children will not be admitted unless they are qualified to understand the explanation of scientific principles, and attend under the supervision of mothers or guardians.

The first Lecture on Astronomy, will be given at some room selected for the occasion, as early as the middle or latter part of the ensuing week, and between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. when, if a continuance of the same are not agreeable, some method for ascertaining the wishes of the audience with respect to time will be adopted, for succeeding Lectures.

The terms of the course will be one dollar. Separate tickets twenty-five cents. Aug. 9, 1845.

NOTICE.

THE Teachers of the Newport Female Seminary, understanding that a report is in circulation that their institution has been for the present suspended, take this opportunity to state that such is NOT THE CASE. This impression probably arose from the fact of their having temporarily opened their room for the reception of several ladies, who were suddenly deprived of accommodations by the recent melancholy event at the Ocean House.

The Seminary is now in successful operation, and no interruption has occurred, or will hereafter be allowed. Aug. 9, 1845.—1w.

TO LET,

THE subscriber's house in Broad street is again to Let, with or without furniture.

ZENAS L. HAMMOND. Newport, Aug. 9.

FOR SALE,

THE house and lot occupied by the subscriber in Mill street nearly opposite the old Stone Mill. This property is among the most beautiful locations in town. For terms apply to

JOSIAH C. SHAW. Newport Aug. 9.

Valuable Farm For Sale.

THAT well known Farm in Middletown, about two miles from Newport, known as the PURGATORY PLACE, lately owned and occupied by Felix Peckham, deceased, containing about 70 acres of the best land in the State, with a Dwelling House, Barn &c. thereon. Any person wishing to purchase, can view the place and learn the terms, by calling on Benjamin E. Remington, on the premises, or the subscriber. ABNER PECKHAM. Middletown, Aug. 9, 1845.

Executor's Notice.

THE undersigned having been duly appointed Executors of the last will and testament of ETIENNE PASCAL FAISNEAU, late of Newport, Hair Dresser, deceased, hereby request all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to either of them, and those having demands to present them for settlement.

ROBERT P. LEE. EDWARD A. SHERMAN, } Exrs. Newport, Aug. 9.—4w.

CONGRESS WATER.

THIS day received, direct from the Spring, at R. J. TAYLOR'S. Aug. 9.

New Arrangement. FOR NEW YORK.

THE N. J. Steam Navigation Company will on and after Sunday next, 10th of August run the steamer MOHEGAN, in superior order, between Stonington and Newport, to leave Stonington every day except Monday, at 6 o'clock, a. m., and Newport every day except Sunday, at 4 p. m. Breakfast on board. ANTHONY STEWART, Agent. Aug. 9.

LADIES FRENCH FANCY STORE.

J. GROSS GARELLY, From New York,

Respectfully informs the Ladies that he has opened for the Season a

LADIES FANCY STORE.

No. 150, Thames Street, Opposite Mr. D. B. Davis's Shoe Store,

Where he will keep on hand, a complete assortment of

Berlin Zephyr Worsted, Berlin Embroidery Patterns, Berlin Embroideries,

(Finished and commenced.) Floss Silk, Purse Twist, shaded & plain, on spools & sticks, Steel & Gold Beads,

Silver, Gold and Silk Beads, Purse Ornaments, Gold, Silver and Silk Tassels, Embroidery and Knitting Needles, Hair Pins,

Couffres de Bals, and a variety of French Fancy Goods

Canvases for Embroidery, Silk Fringes, &c.

LESSONS in all kinds of Needle Work,

such as Embroidering with Gold, Silk, Worsted, Chemise, Crape, Wax, Venice Beads, Bugles and Spangles;—Cut and Watting Raised Work; and all Branches of Shell Work.

Also—Flowers and Landscapes made of Human Hair, suitable for preserving Family Remembrances.

Glass, Velvet, and Oriental Painting, which can be loaned to perfection in 6 Lessons.

Flowers of Crape, Worsted, Wax and Spice;—and French Flower Cutting.

Lessons in the above will be given by a competent European Lady, on very reasonable terms.

Specimens can be examined at the Store, No. 150, Thames street.

N. B. All the above mentioned Fancy Works, will be made to order, at the shortest notice. Newport, July 26, 1845.

JUST RECEIVED at the

Cheap Cash Shoe Store,

NO. 95 THAMES STREET.

Corner of Market Square, recently occupied by Mr. John Corban.

A GREAT VARIETY of Mens boots and shoes, of every description; Also Ladies nice kid and morocco

bushings, low lace, and slippers. Likewise, Children's shoes of every description, for sale cheap for Cash, by

GEORGE H. NORMAN, & CO. Newport, July 10.

No Monopoly.

Independent Line for New York, via Newport.

The staunch & commodious steamer NEPTUNE, Capt. Rollins, will leave Long Wharf

Newport, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, until further notice, at about half past 7 o'clock, p. m. for New York.

The Neptune is now in the most complete order, having been furnished with a pair of new boilers, and many valuable improvements added to her engine and machinery, by which her speed is much increased.—Several new state rooms have been added, and her accommodations otherwise enlarged and improved. The travelling Public who consult safety, comfort, economy, and speed, will do so by patronizing this boat, as she is believed to be the safest sea boat in the country.

Merchandise generally, 5 cents per foot. Boots, shoes, bonnets and hats, 4 cents per foot.

Agricultural.



SAVE HERBS.—As they are occasionally needed in a family. A dish of herb drink, or a decoction of bark or roots, judiciously administered, is frequently more efficacious, and far more safe than doses of medicine from the apothecary's shop. A good supply of herbs should be provided for every family. Dry them in the shade, as much of their good qualities escape when exposed to the sun. When dry, put them up neatly in paper bags, label them, and pack closely in box or drawers.—*Boston Cultivator.*

WEEDS.—During haying and the grain harvest, weeds are often making rapid progress, and every opportunity when the weather is unfavorable for harvesting should be embraced for destroying weeds before they produce seeds. And such as have seeded should be piled up for fermentation, or thrown into the hog yard that the seeds may be destroyed before the manure is applied. It is a great drawback upon the profit of tillage lands to have weeds continually shooting up during the whole season; and every farmer should endeavor to rid his lands of such troublesome plants.—*Id.*

FOWLS.—If you keep your fowls shut up, instead of permitting them the enjoyment of natural right of roaming abroad, you should see that they are supplied with all those "creature comforts" which they find when at liberty—as gravel, pebbles, water, animal food, and as to dust themselves with, &c. They will pay you well for such provisions for their comfort—and if not provided for them, they are very unwise if they pay you anything. There is profit to be derived from fowls—but to get it, you must not slight them in attention to their wants. *New England Farmer.*

New Arrangement FOR NEW YORK.

The splendid steamer **MASSACHUSETTS**, Captain J. Comstock, having been put in superior order, has commenced her regular trips on the outside route, via New York. Leaves New York every Monday, Wednesday & Friday, Evening at 8 o'clock. Freight is reduced to 4 cents per foot for measurement goods. For freight or passage apply to **ANTHONY STEWART, Agent.** June 21.

FARE REDUCED.—The New Haven has reduced her fare from \$1 to 50 cents, between New York and New Haven, over the Long Island Rail Road. **N. GIFFORD, Agent.** July 26.

Day Line for New York. By Long Island Rail Road and splendid steamer New Haven.

The steamer **New Haven**, Capt. Van Pelt, will leave Long wharf, New York, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at half past 10 o'clock a. m. for Greenport, when passengers will take the Long Island Rail Road cars and arrive in New York about 6 o'clock. Returning will leave New York every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., arriving at New York at about 5 p. m. Fare from New York to Providence 25 cents.

This cannot fail to be the most pleasant route to New York. The baggage will be forwarded in crates through. July 19.

For New York, Newport & Fall River

The steamer **Propeller Eudora**, Capt. William Brown, will leave Fall River every Tuesday at 1 o'clock, and Devers wharf New York at 3 o'clock p. m. for New York. Returning, leaves New York every Friday, at 4 o'clock, from Old Slip for Fall River via New York. For freight and passage apply to **CHARLES DEVENS, Jr.** **DEVENS' Wharf.** April 5.]

Savings' Bank.

DIVIDEND was declared This Day, of two percent on all sums that have been in for the space of six months, and one percent on all sums that have been in for the space of three months, agreeably to the regulations of the institution, payable on and after Saturday, the 10th inst. **C. GYLES, Treasurer.** New York, July 19, 1845.

Sulphate of Ammonia.

Seeds steeped in a solution of this article come forward sooner and give an increased yield. For sale by **R. J. TAYLOR.** May 10.]

TRUSSES, of various patterns, at **R. J. TAYLOR'S.** 123

Savings' Bank.

A meeting of the Corporation of the **SAVINGS' BANK**, held July 18th 1845, the following named gentlemen were chosen Directors of the Institution, for the ensuing year, viz.—George Engs, Isaac Gould, George Bowen, Benjamin Finch, Charles E. Hammett, Josiah S. Munroe, Stephen T. Northam, David Melvill, Job Sherman, Nathaniel Sweet, Robert B. Cranston, John Stevens, Adam S. Coe, Samuel Brown, Robert P. Lee, Edwin Wilbur, William Sherman, John V. Hammett, Benjamin H. Aitman, Benjamin Marsh, Jr., William C. Cozzens, Benjamin H. Tisdale, Thomas W. Brown, George T. Weaver, George W. Cole.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors on the same day, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: George Engs, President; Charles Gyles, Treasurer; and **B. B. HOWLAND, Sec'y.** New York, July 19, 1845.



GUANO. **TEN TONS AFRICAN GUANO,** in Barrels, for sale by **G. BOWEN, & CO.** New York, July 20, 1845.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of New York, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of Mary Mumford, widow, and Sarah A. Mumford, single woman, both late of New York, deceased, represented insolvent; and six months from June 9th, having been allowed on the estate of Mary Mumford, and six months from July 7th on the estate of Sarah Ann Mumford, for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims; we will attend at the Counting Room of John V. Hammett, on the first Saturday evening of November, December and January next, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of deciding on such claims.

PETER P. REMINGTON, Comm'r
JOHN V. HAMMETT, Comm'r
THOMAS SPOONER, Comm'r
The subscriber having been appointed Administrator with the Will annexed on the estate of Sarah Ann Mumford, he requests all persons indebted to either of said estates to make immediate payment.

CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r. New York, July 19, 1845.

Music & Musical Instruments.

At Bileys No. 297 Broadway, between Duane & Reed streets, New York.

F. RILEY, & CO.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of Families returning South and others, to their extensive stock of Music and Instruments, to which they add continually, the newest and most fashionable music as soon as published. The communication with the city being so frequent, that orders received by mail whether large or small can be returned with the utmost dispatch.

Military Bands supplied. Seminaries dealt with on liberal terms. July 19, 1845.—*imo.*

Court of Probate, Little Compton, July 14.

Application was made to this Court by David Shaw, Executor to the will of **NOAH SHAW**, late of said Little Compton, dec., for notice of settlement of his account as Executor aforesaid, at the next session of the Court. It is ordered that Legal notice be given of the settlement of the same with this Court at a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on Monday the 11th day of August next, at one o'clock, P. M., where all persons interested may appear and be heard. By order, witness, **OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

B. B. KINSLEY'S Daily Forwarding Express

FOR large and small Packages (excluding Mail matter) between New York, Boston, Fall River, Taunton and New Bedford. Freight in large quantities taken at reduced rates.

Office in New York at 137 Thames st., opposite B. Marsh's Shoe Store. **T. COGGESHALL, Agent.** Office in Boston at Doolittle's City Tavern, Brattle street. New York, June 21, 1845.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of New York, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of **ROBINSON POTTER**, late of New York, Merchant deceased, and six months from this date, being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the Counting room of Adam S. Coe, on the last Saturdays of October, November and December, at 2 p. m., for purpose of deciding on such claims.

CHARLES GYLES, Comm'r.
ADAM S. COE, Comm'r.
PELEG CLARKE, Comm'r.
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to **THEO'S C. DUNN,** Adm'r.
JOHN M. KEITH, Adm'r.
New York, July 7, 1845.

BATHING.

Nothing in the world is more conducive to health, and consequently comfort, than frequent bathing. It gives strength to the debilitated, and adds vigor even to the vigorous. Warm, cold, and shower baths can be enjoyed at a trifling expense at **E. TREVETT'S**, on the Long Wharf. New York June 21.

Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES.

JOHN N. POTTER, NO. 112 1-2 THAMES ST

HAS just received a complete assortment of Boots & Shoes, comprising French calf boots, Gentlemen's Button Gaiters, lasting and goat skin do, Ladies gaiter boots, Ladies French slippers, Morocco and Kid shoes, Misses, Masters and Children's boots and shoes of every description, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. French blacking, Potter's unrivalled Leather Preserver, &c. &c., for sale as above. [May 31.]

HATS & CAPS.

THE subscribers have just received a large and elegant assortment of Hats and Caps, comprising a great variety and desirable patterns. Will receive this day, two cases of 'Paris' Hats, a splendid article. Boys' Cloth Caps as low as 50 cts.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock previously to purchasing, as it will be sold at the lowest possible prices. Gentlemen of New York, we have hats to sell. The beauties of which, no tongue can tell. If you wish for a Hat from the finest of Havana. Please call at the store of **Parker & Weaver** N. B. Hats and Caps made at the shortest notice. **PARKER & WEAVER.** New York, April 19, 1845.

Co-partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Co-partnership under the firm of **George H. Norman & Co.** and taken the Store recently occupied by John Corban, No. 95 Thames St., corner of Market square, where they have on hand a prime assortment of Boots and Shoes, which they offer for sale at exceedingly low prices for Cash.

GEORGE H. NORMAN.
CHARLES RUSSELL JR. New York, June 27, 1845.

NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYE.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the Dye House, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to Dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks, Cassimeres, Crapes, Merinos, Sattins, Circassians, Pongees, Bombazines, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet, yarns, merino, erasure, bombazine, and crapo dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments, such as dress, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woollen table cloths cleaned &c. also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann M. Eddy, next north of the Perry Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley, Portsmouth. February 19, 1842.

NEW TIN and SHEET IRON WARE Establishment.

THE subscribers have taken the store No. 127 Thames Street, nearly opposite the store of Messrs Finch & Engs, and have entered into co-partnership under the name of **Coggeshall & Bliss**, for the purpose of manufacturing every description of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.—They will sell on REASONABLE TERMS to suit the times.

They have on hand a lot of plain Japan and Britannia Ware. They also intend keeping on hand an assortment of Sheet and Cast Iron STOVES of the most approved patterns.

N. B. All kinds of Job Work in the above line done to order. A share of public patronage is solicited with the assurance that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction to all who may favour them with orders in their line of business.

FREEMAN COGGESHALL.
WILLIAM H. BLISS. New York, Aug. 10, 1844.—*if.*

COAL.

THE best quality of **RED ASH** and **LEHIGH COAL**, constantly on hand and for sale, at as low a rate, for cash, as can be bought in New York, by the subscriber, on the Perry Factory wharf. **NICHOLAS GIFFORD.** New York, April 12, 1845.—*6m.*

Assessor's Notice.

THE subscribers give notice that they have been chosen Assessors, to assess a Tax of twelve thousand dollars, ordered to be assessed at the Annual Town meeting, holden on the 3d day of June instant, on the inhabitants of the town of Newport, and the taxable property therein, to be collected and paid in to the Town Treasury on or before the 1st day of October next;—We therefore call upon all persons interested to give in to either of us, a list of their rateable estates, under oath on or before Monday the 8th day of July next.

And we likewise give notice that we have appointed and duly authorized Jeremiah Goodspeed to make enrolment of those liable to do military duty in the town of Newport agreeably to the 4th, 5th, and 6th sections of the militia law passed in June session of the General Assembly, A. D. 1843, and all persons are hereby required to govern themselves accordingly.

THOMAS BURN, Assessors.
CHARLES GYLES,
ISAIAH CROOKER, New York, June 21, 1845.

REMOVAL.

James Phillips, Respects fully informs his friends, that he has taken the store No. 103 Thames street, (formerly occupied by Thos. G. Brown & Sons) where he intends keeping an assortment of

DRY GOODS,

consisting of French, English and American Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Vestings, Summer Goods, Scarfs, Collars, Bosoms, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Ready made Clothing, and all other articles usually kept by Tailors.

Having made an arrangement with Wm. H. Green, an experienced workman, he is prepared to make Garments to order in the most fashionable styles. N. B. Please call and examine for your selves, as all goods will be sold cheap. New York, March 15.

THE subscribers having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the creditors of the estate of

JAMES T. SHERMAN, late of New York, dec., represented insolvent; and six months from this date being allowed by said Court, for the creditors of said estate to present and prove their respective claims before said Commissioners, we will attend at the office of Peter P. Remington, on the 2d Saturdays in November, December and January next, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of deciding on such claims as may be presented against said estate.

JAMES LAWTON, Comm'rs.
JOSEPH M. HAMMETT, Comm'rs.
CHAS. N. TILLEY, Comm'r.
New York, July 7, 1845.

All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to **PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r with the Will annexed.**

CLERKS' OFFICE.

Court of Probate, New York, July 11th 1845.

An instrument in writing dated 17th of January, 1839, and a Codicil thereto annexed, dated 26th of November 1844, purporting to be the last will and testament and Codicil of

MICHELE CORNE, formerly of Naples, in the Kingdom of Naples, but late of said New York, dec. was presented by the Executor therein named for Probate and letters testamentary thereon, with request that notice be given by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the New York Herald, that the same will be taken into consideration for Probate and letters testamentary thereon at a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in New York, on the first Monday in August next, at 9 o'clock, a. m., that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Guardian's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middle-town, Guardian to the estates of his children: **James H. Peckham, Charles Peckham, and Eliza Peckham,** minors, under the age of 14 years, and having qualified himself by giving bonds as the law directs, he hereby gives notice to all persons having any demands against his said wards, to exhibit the same to him within six months from the date hereof.

AUGUSTUS PECKHAM. Middletown, April 18, 1845.—*6w.*

All persons indebted to the estate of **Gylos Barney**, late of New York, dec. are requested to make immediate payment to **PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r.** New York, April 19 1845.

THIS DAY OPENED BY E. W. Lawton & Son,

A very large supply of **NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS,** Selected during the last fortnight in Boston and New York, which they respectfully ask their friends and customers to call and examine.

Their **Carpet Room** has been replenished by new purchases with upwards of **6,000 YARDS** of Woolen Carpetings, At all prices, from 50 cents to \$1.75 per yard, and corresponding additions of all the articles usually found in a Carpet Warehouse—such as Hearth Rugs, painted bookings, painted canvases, floor cloths, straw matting, door mat, list carpets, stair rods, &c. &c.

April 19.

CONGRESS Water and Bottled Soda water, at **R. J. TAYLOR'S.** June 28.

New Goods,

James Phillips, HAS just received a new style of Cassimeres, Linens, Vestings, Cravats, Tweeds, Cashmere for coats, &c., which are now open and for sale cheap. All garments made to order, and warranted to fit. At 103 Thames street. July 12.

STAGE NOTICE.

On and after the 9th inst., a stage will leave Fall River daily, (Sunday excepted) at 8 1-2 o'clock, a. m. on the arrival of the cars from New Bedford for New York, and arrive at 11 o'clock. Returning, will leave New York daily at 2 1-2 o'clock, p. m. and arrive in Fall River in time to take the evening train of cars for New Bedford. Fare 75 cents each way. **R. B. KINSLEY & Co.** June 21.

SHAKERS' HERBS.

A N assortment of culinary and medicinal Herbs, put up by the shakers at May 31.] **R. J. TAYLOR'S.**

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of New York, administrator on the estate of

JOHN CORBAN, late of New York, dec., and has taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs, all persons having demands against the said estate are requested to present the same for settlement; and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator with the will annexed. New York, July 12.

Spring and Summer Complaints.

WHEN an article has obtained the reputation of being the most efficient remedy in use for all complaints arising from impurities of the blood, it is at all wonderful that such an article should be in more general use or receive higher esteem than its contents. Dandelion or Tomato Panacea, and its medicinal powers for eradicating disease from the system none have questioned.

Blood is the fluid from which are derived the materials for the formation and nutrition of all parts of the animal body; therefore the blood becoming disordered, humors must accumulate, and extend themselves throughout the system, producing disease in its many shapes, and eventually destroy life itself unless some speedy remedy is found to banish it from the blood. The reasons why the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea is the proper remedy are many and obvious.

Firstly, it is composed of those Herbs and Roots, which rank first among the Vegetable productions of our own climate for their medicinal virtues.

Secondly, it is cheaper than any other preparation now in use, as it is more powerful, therefore requires a less quantity to effect a cure.

Thirdly, it has never been known to fail to perform all for which it is recommended—with these reasons it is surprising that it should stand first among the numerous medicines of the day? Purchasers will be cautious and call for **RANDOLPH & STEVENS' DANDELION or TOMATO PANACEA**, as there are many articles purporting to have the same effects, are yet inferior in their restorative powers, and should not be mistaken for this PANACEA.

CERTIFICATE.

In giving this Certificate to the public, I consider myself but as discharging a duty which I owe to my fellow sufferers, and also to the merits of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea; I had been for a long time suffering with a humor termed **SCALD HEAD**, to such a degree that my hair came out, and my face was loathsome to behold; I had tried several physicians, but they afforded me no relief; and I returned to my home, despairing of ever obtaining that relief, without which life was burdensome. By the advice of my friends, and the consent of the physician attending me, I was induced to procure of Mr. James Kidder, Jr., a bottle of the Dandelion and Tomato Panacea, and before I had used one bottle, my face was entirely cured, and all traces of disease obliterated, and I am now enjoying better health, than I have experienced for the last two years, which can only be attributed to the power of this valuable Panacea; and which I cheerfully recommend as the greatest medicine of the day, and which no invalid should fail to try.

SARAH E. BENNETT. East Boston, April 12th, 1845.

Manufactured only, and sold wholesale and retail by **JAMES KIDDER, Jr.,** Druggist and Chemist, East Boston, where all orders will be punctually attended to. Also for sale by my duly appointed Agents, Dr. R. R. Hazard, on the parade; R. J. Taylor, and C. G. C. Hazard, Thames street, New York, R. I.

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed, of

GEORGE P. HAZARD, late of New York, dec. hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased that he is desirous of settling the same, and wishes immediate payment to be made to him. He also requests all persons having claims against said estate to present the same without delay.

THOMAS G. HAZARD, Administrator de bonis non, with the will annexed. May 17.]

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, & C.

New York, s. c.—Clerks Office, Supreme Court.

WHEREAS **MARTHA S. MILES**, of the town and County of New York, wife of **Thomas R. Miles**, hath this day filed her petition praying for certain reasons contained therein, that said Court would pass a decree dissolving the bonds of marriage now existing between her and the said Thomas.

Notice is hereby given to the said Thomas that he be and appear before said Court, next to be holden at New York, within and for the county of New York on the fourth Monday of August, 1845, (if he shall be fit), and then and there to respond to said petition.

WM. GILPIN, Clerk. 6w—July 12, 1845.

Marine and Fire Insurance.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against **MARINE RISKS**, on favorable terms. The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—**Solomon Townsend,** Tully D. Bowen, William Rhodes, Nathaniel Bishop, Robert R. Stafford, George S. Rathbone, Amos D. Smith, Caleb Harris and Ebenezer Waterman, Jabez Bullock, Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in New York to **GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.** **WILLIAM RHODES, President.** **ALLEN O. PECK, Sec'y.** American Insurance Co's Office, July 14, 1842.

Long Room Replenished.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

Clothing,

"A dollar saved is a dollar earned."

LOOK to your interest by calling at **J. M. HAMMETT'S Cloth and Clothing Establishment**, No. 133 1-2 Thames st., where you will find Clothing to suit the fancy and the pocket. The subscriber is now ready for the Spring and Summer trade, having received from Boston a large and beautiful assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cravats, &c. &c., which he will sell at prices lower than goods of the same quality can be bought for in this State.

All classes of persons, whether merchants, lawyers, laborers, clerks, seamen, or gentlemen of leisure, may safely calculate on finding at this establishment all articles appertaining to a gentleman's wardrobe, so that the can be furnished at the shortest notice and at the most economical manner, without the necessity of looking elsewhere.

Please to recollect that this is the **Clash Store.** The people of New York and vicinity have already saved by purchasing at this establishment, and they too well understand their own interest to need prompting now.

Don't forget, 25 per cent saved in buying your clothing is an important item. **J. M. HAMMETT.** New York April 19.

DALLEY'S

Original and Only Genuine

Magical Pain Extractor,

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

THIS medicine has more power and influence over disease than any other yet known. It entirely conquers Pain, Fire, Scar, Inflammation & Mortification, Fume, with her million tongues, says "Next to the Bible, let it be prized!"

No human physician or parent should be without it a moment. The pains of the **Worst Burns** are stopped instantly by it, and healed without scar. It is also a sovereign remedy for the following diseases:—

Filth both blood & bleeding, Bronchitis, Felon, Sore Eyes, Pover Sores, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Sore Throat, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Wounds, Tie Dolorum, Barber's Itch, Bruises, Ague in Face, Spinal Weakness, Chapped Hands, Swellings, Rheumatism, Inflammation and Chronic Strains, Constipation & Inflammation of the Bowels.

And, in fact, any thing that is sore & painful.

The universal celebrity of this medicine has excited the dupidity of certain worthless persons, who endeavor to pass off a worthless or imitation article. Therefore observe that every box of the genuine has the written signature of **H. Dalley**, the proprietor, on the wrapper. All others are spurious, and should be avoided. Only Depot for the United States, No. 128 Fulton street, New York, where all orders must be addressed.

For sale in New York, by **R. J. Taylor** No. 148 Thames st., and **Dr. R. R. Hazard**, Washington Square. June 7.

July 12, 1845.

SUMMER FLANNELS.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

And all the new desirable Fancy articles are being continually received, making our assortment of

Seasonable Dry Goods, VERY COMPLETE.

Also, Bathing Dresses, Bathing Dress Goods, &c.

At No. 172 Thames Street.

WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

During July and August our store will be closed at Sunset, except on Sunday evenings.

A first rate Farm for Sale.

That well known and beautiful situated Farm, containing about fifty acres of highly cultivated land, and known by the name of the **George Armstrong Farm**, is now offered for sale.

This farm is on the margin of the sea, with valuable privileges of building sand, gravel and sea manure. It lies on the bottom of Narragansett street, and is constantly increasing in value. For further particulars, apply to